Numsa 10th National Congress

Secretariat Report: International
Content

• Key features of global capitalism, from Marxist point of view.
• International work done by union is in organisational report.
• Africa, South Africa and a select small number of countries and regions of the world, to stimulate debate about current phase of global struggles.
• “Fourth Industrial Revolution” to highlight alienating nature of capitalism and why Socialism is only system that can end alienation.
• Defending Marxism and Marxism-Leninism
• Middle class ideas that have polluted world working class, especially after collapse of the Soviet Union.
• A call to redouble our efforts to reconnect with SNC Resolutions and fast track formation of revolutionary socialist mass vanguard workers party.
Imperialism
Definition of imperialism

- In 1916, Vladimir Lenin gave us the best definition of the world capitalist system in “Imperialism: the highest stage of capitalism”:

- *The concentration of production and capital* has developed to such a high stage that it has created monopolies which play a decisive role in economic life;

- *The merging of bank capital with industrial capital*, and the creation, on the basis of this *finance capital*, of a financial oligarchy;

- *The export of capital* as distinguished from *the export of commodities* acquires exceptional importance;

- The formation of *international monopolist capitalist associations* which share the world among themselves, and

- *The territorial division of the whole world among the biggest capitalist powers is completed.*
Dominance of finance capital

• These features, although modified since 1916, very present today, in world capitalist system.

• A major defining feature today, though, is domination of finance capital, money capital, over all other forms of capital. However, Lenin still correctly pointed this fact out.

• We call this phase of capitalism “imperialism”. We live in the “imperialist” phase of the system of global capitalism.

• The competition among various capitalists and capitalist nations for raw materials, cheap labour and markets have since led to two world wars. We are almost certainly headed for the Third World War now!
Imperialism and the restructuring of production – neoliberalism
Money dominates

- We are living in period of imperialism dominated by money form of capital.
- All other forms of capital – agricultural, industrial, manufacturing, energy, construction, telecommunication, and so on are now subordinate to money form of capital.
- Banks, holders of vast quantities of finance capital (money), rule the world.
- The information, computer and Internet technologies have powered international revolution in which money has become dominant form of capital.
- All other forms of economic activity are subordinate to money.
- The world is constantly being divided and redivided among various dominant capitalists, for raw materials, cheap labour and markets.
- Work place has not escaped this domination, this mania, for money to make money.
- Every car manufacturer is now a bank too.
Neoliberalism

• Every major retail shop is also a bank. Every large university is also a bank. Every church is a bank. Every Mosque is also a bank.
• Every human relationship, as Karl Marx said more than 150 years ago, is now a “money relationship”.
• Workplace restructuring, retrenchments, short time, casualisation, short contracts, labour brokering, all sorts of precarious work and labour, and a large growing army of the unemployed are features of just about all countries of the world today as capitalists compete to make money by cutting costs and using the latest technologies. These are the neoliberal measures.
• The former colonies in Africa, Asia and Latin America have been reduced to mass poverty, unemployment and extreme inequalities, usually leading to daily popular protests.
• In advanced countries themselves, we are seeing the rise of extreme right wing anti immigration, xenophobic and racist politics.
• In the South, although there are reversals, we have seen the rise of popular and left mass movements in Latin America, Europe itself and in Africa.
• The crisis in the Islamic world is also related to the devastations of the neoliberal phase of imperialism.
The “Fourth Industrial Revolution”: squeezing more value out of labour!
Machines replace people

• So called “Fourth Industrial Revolution” is revolution that will create large-scale unemployment. Machines and computer software are becoming very efficient at performing human tasks.

• Newspaper headlines don’t exaggerate when they scream, “The Robots are Coming to Take Your Jobs”.
Robots in the auto sector
First Industrial Revolution

• Took place in about 1770 when home industry production was replaced by manufacturing in factories where people operated steam-powered machines.

• \textit{Invention of steam driven technologies} was vital for launch of First Industrial Revolution.

• This industrial revolution also famous for starting the \textit{urbanisation process}, as more people left farms and villages to take up jobs in factories in cities.

• Period of birth of modern proletariat – a working class that cannot live unless it finds work, and cannot find work unless some capitalist has some use for its labour!
Early steam engine in Industrial Revolution
Birth of proletariat in industrial revolution
Second Industrial Revolution

• Came about 100 years later in the 1870s with introduction of electricity and rail transport networks.
• In early 1900’s, resulted in development of factory assembly line and manufacturing of similar items that could be mass-produced.
• Ford’s Model T car, which came off an assembly line, is prime example of a product from Second Industrial Revolution.
• Period marked by mass production of goods because of improved technologies and management techniques of workplace.
Model T Ford assembly line early 1900s
Third Industrial Revolution (1)

• Arrived a century later with introduction of computers and digitisation in 1969.
• Steady decline in jobs globally since 1970s.
• Experiencing it more acutely in past two decades because of neoliberal capitalism and robotics and Internet technologies.
Robotics
Clean energy
Third Industrial Revolution (2)

• Shift away from mass production of standard products towards manufacturing of specialised custom made products that can easily be produced by 3-D printers.
3D Printer manufacturing Eiffel Tower
Small-scale biomass farm for clean energy
Third Industrial Revolution (3)

- Manufacturing sector not the only one affected. White-collar jobs also at risk.
- Banking industry good example: fewer workers employed because people shifting to electronic banking on computers and cell phones.
- Force behind “Third Industrial Revolution” is search for fast profits by money form of capital which is dominant during this phase of imperialism.
- Global restructuring of work, penetration of commodification of every space is a cornerstone of dominance of money form of capital.
- Money must nestle everywhere, settle everywhere, and make profits fast or evaporate.
Fourth Industrial Revolution (1)

• Apparently building on Third with introduction of artificial intelligence (AI) and “Internet of things” (IOT).
• Transition from Third to Fourth industrial revolution faster than before.
• Currently at beginning.
• Artificial Intelligence (AI) refers to software technologies that make computers and robots perform tasks equal to or better than humans. Usually this refers to computational tasks.
• Computational tasks are those such as data processing, calculations and estimating.
• Advantage of AI software over human beings is they can perform these tasks hundreds if not thousands of times faster than humans.
Fourth Industrial Revolution (2)

• Internet of things (IOT) refers to networking of physical devices and infrastructure via Internet.

• Physical devices and/or infrastructure usually embedded with sensors and network connectivity. IOT is about machine-to-machine communication, which completely avoids human interface. Much of the communication between these machines happens via the cloud. The cloud is a network of servers.
Everything connected in internet of things
For the working class?

- Inequality gap growing.
- Third Industrial Revolution: decimation of blue-collar jobs in manufacturing.
- Fourth Industrial Revolution:
  - dismantling white-collar jobs.
  - 140 million knowledge workers at risk of losing jobs to sophisticated algorithms globally over next two decades.
- The future is one with fewer jobs across the board.
- In SA:
  - Colonialism of a Special Type consigns majority of Africans to bottom of technology and education chain
  - Those with advanced skills and resources – mainly and small sprinkling of black and African middle classes, will do better than those without.
- Massive digital divide:
  - Large proportion of population excluded from Third Industrial Revolution.
Machines enslave people

• Driver of capitalism is competition to produce commodities at cheapest rate, fastest rate, and highest quality.
  • Reducing cost of production by eliminating human labour.
  • Machines and computers designed and produced by labour – the working class
  • these machines in turn replace labour – human beings.
• What human beings produce turns out to be their enslavers!
• Capitalism is system of alienation of human being. Human labour is used to imprison, enslave, oppress, dominate and exploit the human person.
• Machines cannot consume what they produce
  • Production rises and jobs dwindle
  • Supply rises and demand falls
  • Inevitable crisis of over production results
  • System can only self correct by massive destruction of existing production capacity and replacement by new “technology”
Turn the tables

• Solution is to turn the tables:
  • Human labour must serve human beings and not vice versa!
  • Human beings must have their labour employed to create values for human consumption, not for profits.
  • To achieve this, the working class must triumph over the capitalist class
• This is the essence of this whole Secretariat Report – our affirmation of our SNC Resolutions and our defence of our Marxism and Marxism-Leninism.
• Capitalism is a system where dead labour, machines and computers, imprison human beings.
• The solution is a revolutionary struggle to upset the relationship:
  • Production for human needs and not profits
  • Socialism.
A look at our Continent, Africa, and imperialism
Introduction

• We must learn about ourselves, as African working class, and about our Continent, Africa, *if we must properly unite with other workers from all over the world.*

• Numsa, together with progressive movements in Latin America, elsewhere in Africa, India and Europe, has begun the difficult work of building working class Socialist solidarity for world struggle for Socialism.

• In this Congress, we must begin the tough work of learning about the Continent we live in: history, geography and cultures. Numsa has begun to advance the struggle for a revolutionary Marxist Pan Africanism.
Political programme for continent

• Imperialists adept at dividing us in order to achieve goals, right back from Berlin Conference 1886 when they divided continent among imperial powers.
• Africa has not recovered. South Africa last to achieve so-called freedom, against backdrop of countries that were victims of structural adjustment.
• SA self-imposed structural adjustment.
• Sold out revolutionary vision through negotiated settlement.
• Numsa Red 100 Political School and Kwame Nkruma need to contribute to Congress the results of grappling with the question: how do we concretise the revolutionary agenda in the continent
• It must be about serving workers with humility and advancing to a socialist Africa?
• Continent was divided into countries by imperialists. So called “African countries” have boundaries and borders decided for them by imperialists.
Key questions

• We must grapple with questions:
• How do we deal with the fake imperialist separation of Africa into “countries”?
• What programme must all the African working class coalesce around?
• What new forms of organisations must we build on the Continent to advance the struggle against imperialism and for socialism?
Africa profile

• This Section gives some important historical and physical facts about Africa including the effects of imperialism:
  • Poverty
  • Unemployment
  • Inequalities
  • Backwardness of the Continent.
Random facts about Africa

• A mass of useful data every Numsa member, shopsteward, organiser and official and ordinary employee must know, about Africa.
• African deliberately underdeveloped by imperialism and colonialism.
• Africa was violently inserted into the global capitalist system by colonialism, imperialism and neocolonialism.
• Africa is rich in gold, diamonds, copper, tin, lead, zinc, iron, agricultural soils, fresh water and so on. They contrast with the poverty of the people.
• Excellent reference source of information about Africa.
• Intended to help SA working class in general and Numsa in particular, to appreciate our African Continent and ask important questions about how we can play a revolutionary role in advancing the struggle for socialism in Africa.
• Numsa has already begun some serious political work with related socialist formations and trade unions in Africa. Congress must decide how this work must be advanced.
South Africa: The dominance of imperialism and white monopoly capital: patterns of ownership and control
“The struggle for national democracy is also an expression of the class contradiction between the black and democratic forces on the one hand, and the monopoly capitalists on the other. The stranglehold of a small number of white monopoly capitalists over the great bulk of our country's wealth and resources is based on colonial dispossession and promotes racial oppression. This concentration of wealth and power perpetuates the super-exploitation of millions of black workers. It perpetuates the separate plight of millions of the landless rural poor. And it blocks the advance of black business and other sectors of the oppressed. This reality, therefore, forms the basis of the antimonopoly content of the national democratic programme.”
Picture of CST stubborn

- In 2008:
  - Whites out of SA population: 12%
  - Whites promoted and recruited to top management positions: 62%
  - Whites in top management positions in the economy: 75%
- 70% of SA exports from petrochemicals (SASOL), Basic Iron and Steel (Arcelor Mittal) and the mines.
- SASOL about 30% foreign-owned, and privately owned (was state-owned and was privatized).
- Arcelor-Mittal 65% foreign owned (was state-owned and was privatised).
- Anglo-American delisted from JSE and is now headquartered in London
- Strategic mines remain privately- and foreign-owned.
- Financial sector 22% of SA GDP. Dominated by 4 banks two of which have significant foreign ownership:
  - ABSA 56%
  - Standard Bank at least 40%
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Wholesale, retail and land

- Wholesale and retail sector = 14% of SA GDP. Also significant foreign-ownership,
  - Massmart 60%
  - Shoprite 35%
  - Truworths 50%
  - Foschini 40%
  - JD Group 40%
  - Lewis 30%.
- Need for comprehensive programme to deal with monopoly capital on sector-by-sector basis: construction, quarrying, pharmaceuticals, forestry, etc.
- Land question remains a problem:
  - The department of Rural Development and Land Reform still chasing 30% land reform goal of white own agricultural land
  - Only 10% has been transferred to black farmers
  - Target date for 30% was 2014.
No progress for land

• Commission on Restitution of Land Rights managed only settlement of 33 of targeted 1,695 claims during the 2009/10 financial year.
• No progress on scrapping willing buyer willing seller capitalist market strategy, despite Polokwane resolution on the matter.
• Foreign ownership of land said to be under review, but state seems to be dilly-dallying.
• Housing, access to basic service, education, health and so on are racially determined with black Africans condemned to the worst services.
No alternative to socialism

- SA experiencing most ruthless fight for domination between various capitalist camps.
- Traditional white capitalist class up in arms against Guptas and stooges in the ANC government.
- Fight now concentrated over control of National Treasury, Reserve Bank and Revenue Service.
  - “Secondary terrains of struggle” in parastatals.
  - Thermometer over which camp is winning is the value of the Rand.
- ANC fast sliding into irreversible decline even as white capital continues to fail to assure black and African working class a living, let alone a decent life.
- Post 1994, SA trapped in a racist patriarchal colonial capitalist constitutional order that protects vested interests of white monopoly capital, now increasingly penetrated by foreign capital.
- No alternative to socialism for the SA working class
Middle East
Wars over wealth

• 16 countries: Cyprus, Egypt, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates and Yemen.
• Centre of struggle; human tragedy spilled over into Europe and contributed to the rise of the right in many countries.
• Not new to struggle: from earliest times; wealth was spices and silks.
• Now wealth is oil
  • world’s superpowers fighting by proxy
  • at expense of poor and vulnerable local populations.
• Not a new phenomenon: before ist World War, rich super-powers fought for control of Balkans. Led to slaughter of working-class soldiers in trenches.
• Alarmingly similar now: USA, Britain, France and Russia putting world in danger of new world war
• Syria bombing target for both US and Russia. Aleppo is constantly under attack and virtually demolished. Refugees forced to seek shelter in unwelcoming Europe.
Casualties are poor civilians

- Main casualties as usual civilians and vulnerable.
  - Even hospitals, doctors and nurses are acceptable targets.
  - More than 250,000 people have died in conflict
  - More than 11million people on the move. Same as population of Gauteng!
Yemen war
Palestine continues to bleed.
Israelis troops intercept solidarity boat
Palestine

- The majority of Palestinians live in abject poverty in a tiny part of the country they once lived in:
  - Subject to constant violations of their rights to travel and to protest;
  - anyone straying into an arbitrarily set up “no-go” area is shot at by the Israeli army.
- In 2015, 70 armed incursions were undertaken into Gaza.
- At the heart of all these human miseries, is the hidden hand of imperialism and its quest for profits!
Palestinians live in tiny part of country

PALESTINIAN LOSS OF LAND 1946 TO 2009

1946

1947

1949 - 1967

2009
Cuba and Latin America
Learn from Cuba

• In this subsection, we mention Cuba only in relation to learning serious lessons, as Numsa forges ahead to create its Marxist-Leninist political party.

• Our task is to learn serious lessons from the world socialist experiences, including Cuba.

• A clear lesson, however, is that any deviation from Marxism, and from Marxism-Leninism will always result in blood, sweat and tears for the working class.

• This is why the International Section of the Secretariat Report concludes with Marxism and its defence.

• Congress delegates are encouraged to read past and contemporary Cuban history.
In defence of Marxism-Leninism
What is to be done?

• Together with Political and Socio-Economic sections of Secretariat Report, this Section must be used by Congress to formulate how to fast track SNC political resolutions.

• Here we focus only on defence of Marxism and Marxism-Leninism, as one of the most urgent tasks of our times.

• This is the dividing line along which the political struggles inside and outside Numsa are being waged.

• This is the political burning question inside Numsa: **will it be Marxism-Leninism or any of, or all of the many reactionary middle class ideas floating around which will dominate in Numsa?**
Defend Marxism-Leninism (1)

• At the beginning of the 20th Century, Lenin led the October Revolution in Russia, in 1917.

• This Revolution remains the most profound attack on capitalism that taught the world working class about the possibility of overthrowing the capitalist system and replacing it with working class democracy – the dictatorship of the working class!

• Capitalists everywhere tremble at the ideas of Marxism in general and Marxism-Leninism in particular precisely because they know and understand that these are the ideas and practices of the working class revolution against the capitalist system which keeps them in bondage, in wage slavery, and stops the working class from living full happy lives.

• Let us first take a hard look at what has become of Marxism in general, and Marxism-Leninism in particular, in today’s capitalism dominated world.

• United States and Western European liberal capitalist propaganda has combined with the propaganda from all advocates of capitalism from everywhere in the world, and they have been extremely successful in demonizing, demobilizing and falsifying Marxism in general and Marxism-Leninism in particular.
Defend Marxism-Leninism (2)

- The capitalist liberal media, all religious institutions, the liberal NGO movement, liberal academic institutions and think thanks – have all combined with the capitalist commodity production and consumption system to all but bury Marxism in general and Marxism-Leninism under a mammoth mountain of lies and deliberate distortions.

- The deep divisions and fragmentations into numerous useless but many times dangerous sects within the world Marxist movement itself have not helped; instead, these have fed the anti Marxism and anti Marxism-Leninism propaganda mill very well. In the process, humanity in general, and the world working class in particular, have been robbed of the only known scientific and revolutionary critique of capitalism and imperialism, the only body of knowledge and revolutionary practice capable of taking on the world capitalist system today.

- The fatal mistakes made in the first genuine socialist revolutions starting at the beginning of the 20th Century against the capitalist system in the former USSR and moving on to China, Cuba, North Korea, and elsewhere, rather than being turned into weapons and the bases for advancing new Marxist knowledge and revolutionary practice, have become acrid songs sung by both so called “Marxists” of all sorts of hues and persuasions, and not so strangely, in the same choirs as the most vicious liberal and conservative attacks on Marxism.
Defend Marxism-Leninism (3)

- At a time when, after two imperialist world wars that combined killed more than 60 million human beings and displaced millions others, when we are living in the midst of a climate and environmental crisis capable of destroying the Earth, with enough stock piles of nuclear weapons to blow the earth to smithereens, and during the period of one of the deepest systemic and structural crisis of capitalism, but when, simultaneously, labour productivity and revolutions in science and technology offer humanity in general and the world working class in particular the best possible chance to deploy Marxism to its best use to destroy the capitalist system and replace it with genuine human civilization, democracy and a classless society, Marxists in general and Marxist-Leninists in particular have retreated into their cowardly and dark holes!

- Nowhere is this psychological defeat and intellectual impotency of “Marxism” more vivid than among the middle class and the intellectuals, especially in universities and so called “think tanks” of all kinds of ideological persuasion. Lenin was a very arrogant, self assured and extremely confident revolutionary Marxist. He happily and fearlessly declared: “The Marxist doctrine is omnipotent because it is true”. 
Defend Marxism-Leninism (4)

• Marxism is not a hidebound, petrified doctrine! The body of knowledge of Marxism is not a dead accumulation of prescriptions. It is a living body of knowledge, always to be nourished by the most accurate and detailed scientific study of reality as it is, not as we wish it to be. Marxism is after all, the science of dialectics – the recognition of the unity of motion and matter.

• “Throughout the civilised world the teachings of Marx evoke the utmost hostility and hatred of all bourgeois science (both official and liberal), which regards Marxism as a kind of “pernicious sect”. Today there is a raging fight among “Marxist” over not to be “dogmatic”, “sectarian”, “intolerant” and all such appeals. Why? Marxism must be treated just like any other “intellectual fashion” – and it must accommodate other theories and intellectual trends. We must, apparently, avoid stimulating this hostility at all costs! This is simply capitulation to the power of liberal and capitalist propaganda against Marxism.

• What are the social roots of this theoretical and ideological confusion? The roots lie deep in the rotten soil of the middle classes, that parasitic layer of humanity that vacillates between the working class and the capitalist class. It wants everything good that capitalism offers without the frightening and decaying, smelling stench of the capitalist system such as revolutionary wars.
Defend Marxism-Leninism (5)

- But Lenin warns us that Marxism is irreconcilable with any form of superstition, reaction, or defence of bourgeois oppression! It cannot be otherwise, if it is a science of the emancipation of the working class!
- Marxism is the science of the liberation of the oppressed and the working class. It is the science of the emancipation of humanity. And like all genuine science, it is dialectical, and it grows with evolving and revolving matter and human society.
- As Mao-Tse-tung so correctly says on contradictions, not to engage in ideological warfare for whatever reason is to yield to liberalism!
- Marxism calls upon Marxists to do battle with bourgeois ideology and science.
- The revolutionary responsibility to combat bourgeois propaganda of all kinds at all times is a revolutionary task of all genuine Marxists.
What is Marxism?
Marx in Communist Manifesto (1)

“The Communists are distinguished from the other working-class parties by this only:

• In the national struggles of the proletarians of the different countries, they point out and bring to the front the common interests of the entire proletariat, independently of all nationality.

• In the various stages of development which the struggle of the working class against the bourgeoisie has to pass through, they always and everywhere represent the interests of the movement as a whole.

The Communists, therefore, are on the one hand, practically, the most advanced and resolute section of the working-class parties of every country, that section which pushes forward all others; on the other hand, theoretically, they have over the great mass of the proletariat the advantage of clearly understanding the line of march, the conditions, and the ultimate general results of the proletarian movement.

The immediate aim of the Communists is the same as that of all other proletarian parties: formation of the proletariat into a class, overthrow of the bourgeois supremacy, conquest of political power by the proletariat.” (This is exactly what Numsa resolved to do, in its Special National Congress, in December 2013!)
Theoretical conclusions of the Communists are in no way based on ideas or principles that have been invented, or discovered, by this or that would-be universal reformer. They merely express, in general terms, actual relations springing from an existing class struggle, from a historical movement going on under our very eyes. The abolition of existing property relations is not at all a distinctive feature of communism.”
Marxists

• To form the proletariat into a class, overthrow of the bourgeois supremacy, conquest of political power by the proletariat are the immediate aims of communists, or Marxists.

• Marxists are the most advanced and resolute section of the working-class parties of every country. In other words, true Marxists do not actually exist outside working class formations, outside revolutionary working class political parties, outside political class warfare!

• Emphasising this point, Engels says this at the graveside of Karl Marx, on 17 March 1883:

“For Marx was before all else a revolutionist. His real mission in life was to contribute, in one way or another, to the overthrow of capitalist society and of the state institutions which it had brought into being, to contribute to the liberation of the modern proletariat, which he was the first to make conscious of its own position and its needs, conscious of the conditions of its emancipation. Fighting was his element. And he fought with a passion, a tenacity and a success such as few could rival.”
Marxism-Leninism (1)

• Marxism makes the proletariat conscious of their position and needs in society. Marxism is a revolutionary body of knowledge and practice, against capitalism and all its variants. To fight is a Marxist characteristic.

• In a nutshell, the tasks of Marxists is to create a vanguard political party of the working class for the purpose of welding the working class into a proletariat fighting force so that bourgeois supremacy can be overthrown and the working class can thus conquer political power.

• When any class conquers political power it establishes its rule, its democracy, which of course is a dictatorship to its nemesis. Thus the task of Marxists is to fight for the proletarian dictatorship as the only truest form of democracy. Only then can the ultimate process towards a classless society begin, towards a communist society, towards the full emancipation of humanity and the universe from capitalism, truly be underway.

• Marxism-Leninism, on the other hand, is the world synthesis and summation of the historic experiences of the revolutionary struggles of working and oppressed people against capitalism and imperialism.
Marxism-Leninism (2)

• Marxism-Leninism is a powerful revolutionary weapon for the working and oppressed people in their struggles for emancipation, liberation, and the building of a new world – a socialist world free of exploitation. It is precisely these qualities that guarantee the utmost hostility from the bourgeois and their ideologists, against Marxism-Leninism.

• More than anyone else, Lenin was the foremost protagonist and defender of the theory of Marxist revolutionary vanguardism so well articulated in the Communist Manifesto quoted above. He successfully applied this theory and practice in the revolutionary conditions of Russia, and in 1917, successfully led the Russian Revolution. This singular revolutionary and historic feat proved the scientific correctness of Marxism-Leninism.

• It is not impossible to imagine that in fact had Germany, England, France, Italy and many of the working class of the then most advanced capitalist economies and societies followed the example of the 2017 Russian October Revolution, the possibility of the defeat of world capitalism was more than possible, it was going to be inevitable, in the period after the second decade of the 20th Century and beyond.
Marxism-Leninism (3)

• A correct application of Marxism as theorized and practiced by Marxism-Leninism can overthrow the cruel racist colonial capitalist status of the black worker in general and the African native in particular, in South African.

• We must redouble our efforts to organize the working class in a revolutionary socialist party of the working class!

• With the internet and all other technologies which can connect the world working class into a global fighting force to defeat global capitalism which is threatening not only human life but the entirety of our universe, there have never been better conditions for the success of the global Socialist Revolution than now.